

Form BLDfnd7 (12/01/2007)

## United States Bankruptcy Court

Eastern District of New York  
271 Cadman Plaza East, Suite 1595  
Brooklyn, NY 11201-1800

IN RE:

CASE NO: 1-11-49944-ess

John Fanizzi

Susan Fanizzi

189 Franklin Avenue  
Staten Island, NY 10301

189 Franklin Avenue  
Staten Island, NY 10301

Name(s) used by the debtor(s) in the last 8 years, including married, maiden, trade, and address.

Social Security/Individual Taxpayer ID/Taxpayer ID/Employer ID No.:

CHAPTER: 7

xxx-xx-6889

xxx-xx-5749

DEBTOR(s)

### DISCHARGE OF DEBTOR(S) ORDER OF FINAL DECREE

A petition under title 11, United States Code was filed by or against the Debtor(s) on November 28, 2011; an order for relief was entered under Chapter 7; no order denying a discharge has been granted.

It appearing that the debtor(s) is entitled to a discharge and the estate of the above named debtor(s) has been fully administered.

#### IT IS ORDERED:

- The debtor(s) is granted a discharge under Section 727 of Title 11, United States Code, (the Bankruptcy Code).
- Alan Nisselson (Trustee) is discharged as trustee of the estate of the above-named debtor(s) and the bond is cancelled.
- The Chapter 7 case of the above-named debtor(s) is closed.

BY THE COURT

Dated: March 7, 2012

s/ Elizabeth S. Stong  
United States Bankruptcy Judge

**SEE THE BACK OF THIS ORDER FOR IMPORTANT INFORMATION.**

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## **EXPLANATION OF BANKRUPTCY DISCHARGE IN A CHAPTER 7 CASE**

This court order grants a discharge to the person(s) named as the debtor(s). It is not a dismissal of the case and it does not determine how much money, if any, the trustee will pay to creditors.

### **Collection of Discharged Debts Prohibited**

The discharge prohibits any attempt to collect from the debtor(s) a debt that has been discharged. For example, a creditor is not permitted to contact a debtor by mail, phone, or otherwise, to file or continue a lawsuit, to attach wages or other property, or to take any other action to collect a discharged debt from the debtor(s). A creditor who violates this order can be required to pay damages and attorney's fees to the debtor.

However, a creditor may have the right to enforce a valid lien, such as a mortgage or security interest, against the debtor's property after the bankruptcy, if that lien was not avoided or eliminated in the bankruptcy case. Also, a debtor may voluntarily pay any debt that has been discharged.

### **Debts That are Discharged**

The chapter 7 discharge order eliminates a debtor's legal obligation to pay a debt that is discharged. Most, but not all, types of debts are discharged if the debt existed on the date the bankruptcy case was filed. (If this case was begun under a different chapter of the Bankruptcy Code and converted to chapter 7, the discharge applies to debts owed when the bankruptcy case was converted.)

### **Debts that are Not Discharged.**

Some of the common types of debts which are not discharged in a chapter 7 bankruptcy case are:

- a. Debts for most taxes;
- b. Debts incurred to pay nondischargeable taxes (in a case filed on or after October 17, 2005);
- c. Debts that are domestic support obligations;
- d. Debts for most student loans;
- e. Debts for most fines, penalties, forfeitures, or criminal restitution obligations;
- f. Debts for personal injuries or death caused by the debtor's operation of a motor vehicle, vessel, or aircraft while intoxicated;
- g. Some debts which were not properly listed by the debtor;
- h. Debts that the bankruptcy court specifically has decided or will decide in this bankruptcy case are not discharged;
- i. Debts for which the debtor has given up the discharge protections by signing a reaffirmation agreement in compliance with the Bankruptcy Code requirements for reaffirmation of debts;
- j. Debts owed to certain pension, profit sharing, stock bonus, other retirement plans, or to the Thrift Savings Plan for federal employees for certain types of loans from these plans (in a case filed on or after October 17, 2005).

**This information is only a general summary of the bankruptcy discharge. There are exceptions to these general rules. Because the law is complicated, you may want to consult an attorney to determine the exact effect of the discharge in this case.**